THE GREAT LEADER
CHAIRMAN MAO
WILL LIVE FOR EVER
IN OUR HEARTS

Comrade Mao Tsetung addressing a conference of representatives of the poor peasant leagues from eight counties in the revolutionary base area in Kiangsi Province, 1933.

Chairman Mao in northern Shensi, 1938.
Comrade Mao Tsetung in his youth.

Comrade Mao Tsetung in Changsha, 1919.

Comrade Mao Tsetung in Shanghai, 1924.

Comrade Mao Tsetung in Kwangchow, 1925.

Comrade Mao Tsetung in Wuhan, 1927.

Comrade Mao Tsetung in Juichin, Kiangsi Province, 1931.
Chairman Mao writing his brilliant work *On Protracted War* in a cave-dwelling in Yenan, 1938.


Chairman Mao speaking at a reception held by the Party Central Committee in honour of labour heroes in the Shensi-Kansu-Ningsia Border Region, 1943.

Chairman Mao with representatives attending the Yenan forum on literature and art, May 1942.
Chairman Mao making a report to cadres in Yenan, 1942.

Chairman Mao talking with little fighters of the Eighth Route Army in Yenan, 1939.

Chairman Mao chatting with peasants of Yangchialing in Yenan, 1939.

Chairman Mao delivering a report at the Lu Hsun Arts Institute in Yenan, May 1938.

Chairman Mao addressing a meeting marking the third anniversary of the founding of the Chinese People's Anti-Japanese Military and Political College in Yenan, 1939.
Chairman Mao in Yanan, 1944.

Chairman Mao going in person to Chungking in August 1945 to hold negotiations with the Kuomintang after the victory in the War of Resistance Against Japan in order to carry out the policy of peace and national reconstruction.

Chairman Mao delivering the political report at the Seventh National Congress of the Communist Party of China, 1945.

Chairman Mao at work in his cave-dwelling in the Date Orchard in Yanan, 1946.
Chairman Mao during the fighting in northern Shensi, 1947.

Chairman Mao studying a military map in northern Shensi in 1947 while directing the great People's War of Liberation.

Chairman Mao delivering a report of great historic significance to the 2nd Plenary Session of the Seventh Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, 1949.

Chairman Mao reviewing tank units of the Chinese People's Liberation Army in Hsiyuan on the outskirts of Peking, 1949.
Chairman Mao reading the news of victory — the liberation of Nanking, 1949.

Chairman Mao solemnly proclaiming the founding of the People's Republic of China from Tien An Men Gate on October 1, 1949.


Chairman Mao presiding over the 2nd Session of the First National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference in 1950, which discussed and adopted the national emblem of the People's Republic of China.
Chairman Mao during an inspection tour along the Yellow River, 1952.

Chairman Mao casting his ballot in the election of People's Deputies, 1953.

Chairman Mao revising the Constitution of the People's Republic of China (Draft), our country's first socialist constitution, 1954.

Chairman Mao at a national conference of the Communist Party of China, 1955.
Chairman Mao making an extremely important speech On the Correct Handling of Contradictions Among the People at the 11th Meeting (Enlarged) of the Supreme State Conference, 1957.


Chairman Mao while inspecting a factory in Anhwei Province, 1958.

Chairman Mao receiving representatives of the Youth League in Peking, 1957.
Chairman Mao making an important speech at the 2nd Session of the Eighth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, 1958.

Chairman Mao chatting with steelmakers while inspecting factories in Anhwei Province, 1959.

Chairman Mao during an inspection tour of the countryside in Honan Province, 1958.

Chairman Mao chatting with commune members of poor-peasant origin in Shaoshan, his birthplace, 1959.
Chairman Mao inspecting a naval unit of the P.L.A., 1953.

Chairman Mao talking with cooks of a P.L.A. unit, 1958.


Chairman Mao with friends from Asia, Africa and Latin America, 1959.
Chairman Mao shaking hands with Kurban Tulum, an old poor peasant of Uighur nationality from Sinkiang, 1958.

Chairman Mao with teachers and pupils of the Shaoshan School, 1939.

Chairman Mao receiving the cast after seeing the modern revolutionary Peking opera Taking Tiger Mountain by Strategy, 1957.

Chairman Mao working at the construction site of the Ming Tombs Reservoir, Peking, 1958.
Chairman Mao at the 10th Plenary Session of the Eighth Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, 1962.

Chairman Mao reviewing for the first time the mighty army of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution from Tien An Men Gate, August 18, 1966.

Chairman Mao at Ching-kangshan, 1965.

Chairman Mao at the 11th Plenary Session of the Eighth Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, 1966.
Chairman Mao on Lushan Mountain, 1961.

Chairman Mao at the rally held by the people of all walks of life in Peking in 1965 in support of the Vietnamese people's struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

Chairman Mao, riding in an open car, reviewing Red Guards from all parts of the country, 1966.
Chairman Mao speaking at the 12th Plenary Session (Enlarged) of the Eighth Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, 1968.

Chairman Mao on May 29, 1970, issued the solemn statement “People of the World, Unite and Defeat the U.S. Aggressors and All Their Running Dogs!”

Chairman Mao making an important speech at the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, 1969.

Chairman Mao at the 2nd Plenary Session of the Ninth Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, 1970.

Chairman Mao in Peking, 1972.

Chairman Mao dedicated all his energies throughout his life to the liberation of the Chinese people, to the emancipation of the oppressed nations and oppressed people the world over, and to the cause of communism. Chairman Mao will live forever in our hearts.