

800 Million People Mourn the Great Leader And Teacher Chairman Mao Most Deeply

— 28 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions
and P.L.A. units solemnly hold memorial meetings

WITH boundless esteem and immense grief, the whole Party, the whole army and the people of all nationalities throughout the country held mass memorial meetings everywhere on September 18 to mourn Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, the great liberator of all nationalities, the greatest Marxist of the contemporary era, and the great teacher of the international proletariat and the oppressed nations and oppressed people.

Immediately after listening to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in the capital that afternoon, armymen of the P.L.A. units and people of 28 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions held mass memorial meetings. They were: the Shanghai and Tientsin municipalities, the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, Kansu Province and the P.L.A. Lanchow Units, the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region, Heilungkiang Province, Kirin Province, Liaoning Province and the P.L.A. Shenyang Units, Shantung Province and the P.L.A. Tsinan Units, Fukien Province and the P.L.A. Foochow Units, Hunan Province, Kwangtung Province and the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units, the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region, Hopei Province, Shansi Province, Shensi Province, the Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region, Kiangsu Province and the P.L.A. Nanking Units, Chekiang Province, the Tibet Autonomous Region, Szechuan Province and the P.L.A. Chengtu Units, Hupeh Province and the P.L.A. Wuhan Units, Honan Province, Anhwei Province, Kiangsi Province, Kweichow Province, Yunnan Province and the P.L.A. Kunming Units, and Chinghai Province.

Leading Party and government organizations at and above the county level and army, navy and air force units of the People's Liberation Army standing by at their fighting posts, and the broad masses of Communist Party members, cadres, workers, peasants, soldiers, revolutionary intellectuals and people of all walks of life of all nationalities in factories, mines, enterprises, shops, rural people's communes, schools and neighbourhood communities throughout the country, also held memorial meetings after listening to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking.

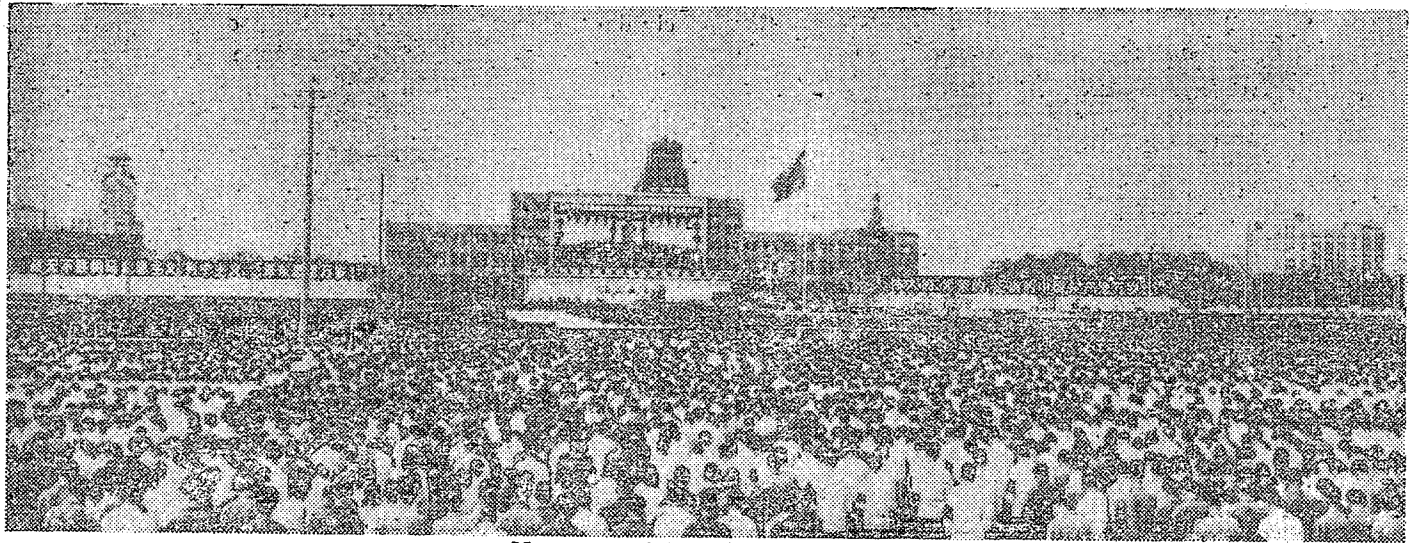
At 3 p.m. sharp on September 18, the 800 million people across the land observed a three-minute silence; at the same time, all factories and mines, trains, ships and naval vessels across the length and breadth of the motherland sounded their sirens in mourning.

The mass memorial meetings were permeated with an atmosphere of solemnity and reverence. In each place, a huge portrait of Chairman Mao hung over a rostrum decorated with green pines and cypresses and flanked by wreaths presented by local Party and government organs, P.L.A. units and grass-roots organizations. With profound sorrow, leading responsible comrades of the local Party and government organs and army units delivered memorial speeches to mourn our great leader and teacher Chairman Mao.

On September 9 and 10, Party committees and revolutionary committees of various provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions and Party committees of P.L.A. units wrote letters or sent messages to the Party Central Committee, the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, the State Council and the Military Commission of the Party Central Committee. In their memorial speeches, letters and messages, they pledged to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, further strengthen the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. Unite to win still greater victories!

Shanghai

A MILLION armymen and civilians in Shanghai held a mass memorial meeting on September 18. At the same time, other Shanghai inhabitants gathered in front of TV sets or radios to watch or listen to the live transmissions of Peking's and the city's memorial meet-



Mass memorial meeting in Shanghai.

ings in their respective factories, people's communes, P.L.A. units, shops, offices, schools or neighbourhood communities. Together with the people throughout the country, the 10 million Shanghai armymen and civilians mourned with deep sorrow their most respected and most beloved great leader Chairman Mao.

The mass memorial meeting in Shanghai was presided over by Chou Chun-lin, secretary of the Shanghai municipal Party committee and commander of the Shanghai Garrison of the Chinese People's Liberation Army. Ma Tien-shui, secretary of the Shanghai municipal Party committee and vice-chairman of the municipal revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Ma Tien-shui said: At this hour of deepest sorrow, we must resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, and "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured. We must persist in taking class struggle as the key link, conscientiously implement the Party's basic line, continue to concentrate our fire on criticizing Teng Hsiao-ping, deepen the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution. We must support the socialist new things, restrict bourgeois right, combat and prevent revisionism, consolidate the proletarian dictatorship, prevent capitalist restoration, build our country into a powerful socialist state, and fight for the final realization of communism.

The entire city has been immersed in grief since September 9. The people in Shanghai will never forget that Chairman Mao attended the Party's First National Congress and founded our great Party in Shanghai. They will never forget that it was Chairman Mao who commanded a million powerful troops of the P.L.A. in crossing the Yangtze River, overthrowing the Chiang dynasty, delivering the people of Shanghai from the abyss of suffering and transforming this old paradise

of imperialist adventurers into a socialist new Shanghai. They will always remember that it was Chairman Mao who personally initiated in this city the criticism of the new historical play *Hai Jui Dismissed From Office*, approved and supported the struggle by the working class and other revolutionary people of Shanghai to seize power from the capitalist-roaders in the storm of the January revolution in 1967. And it was Chairman Mao who enthusiastically supported and highly praised the socialist new things that had emerged on all fronts. Recollections of all this filled the Shanghai people with a still more profound sense of loss as well as boundless esteem for Chairman Mao. In mourning the great leader Chairman Mao, the armymen and civilians of Shanghai declared in one voice their wholehearted support for and resolve to carry out the militant call issued by Comrade Hua Kuo-feng on behalf of the Party Central Committee at the mass memorial meeting in the capital. They pledged to turn grief into strength, rally still more closely round the Party Central Committee, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, conscientiously implement the Party's basic line, continue to deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, mourn the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao by concrete action, and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end.

Tientsin

WANG Yi, secretary of the Tientsin municipal Party committee and commander of the Tientsin Garrison, presided over a memorial meeting attended by half a million armymen and civilians in Tientsin. Hsieh Hsueh-kung, first secretary of the Tientsin municipal Party committee and chairman of the municipal revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Hsieh Hsueh-kung recalled the many inspection tours of the city by Chairman Mao and the many extremely

important instructions he gave to the Tientsin people. He said that Chairman Mao was a brilliant example of a proletarian revolutionary. Chairman Mao always showed the greatest concern for the masses, understood them best, trusted them most and had the greatest respect for their initiative and creativity. He was always with the masses and his heart was closely linked with theirs at all times. When we recall Chairman Mao's kind concern over the Tientsin people, Comrade Hsieh Hsueh-kung added, we cannot restrain our deep grief.

Comrade Hsieh Hsueh-kung led the army men and civilians at the meeting in raising their right fists before a portrait of Chairman Mao, vowing to the Party Central Committee: We are determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured us, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end.

On the afternoon of September 18, the Hsiao-chin-chuang Production Brigade in Paoti County on Tientsin's outskirts, the various districts and counties under the Tientsin municipality and grass-roots units in the city also held memorial meetings.

Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and The Sinkiang Units of the P.L.A.

IN Urumchi, capital of the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region which is in the forefront of the struggle against revisionism, 300,000 army men and



Kazakh herders in the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region take a solemn oath before a portrait of Chairman Mao.

civilians of various nationalities took part in a mass memorial meeting. Recalling Chairman Mao's teachings and loving care and reviewing the earth-shaking changes that have taken place in Sinkiang since its liberation, they were filled with boundless veneration and love for the great leader.

The people of Sinkiang's various nationalities will never forget that in the disaster-ridden old society it was Chairman Mao who sent Chen Tan-chiu and Mao Tse-min to Sinkiang, bringing to them the truths of revolution and igniting the flames of revolution. When the people of Sinkiang were longing for liberation night and day, it was Chairman Mao who sent the People's Liberation Army to rescue them from the abyss of misery. When Sinkiang had successfully accomplished the tasks of democratic reform, it was the radiance of Chairman Mao's brilliant policy on nationalities that guided the people of various nationalities in Sinkiang to realize national regional autonomy, strengthen the great unity of these nationalities and push socialist revolution and socialist construction forward. When the Soviet revisionists and the reactionaries engaged in a wild anti-China campaign, it was Chairman Mao who issued a series of extremely important directives to the people of Sinkiang concerning their struggle against revisionism, and it was Chairman Mao who led them in smashing Soviet revisionist subversion and sabotage and safeguarding the motherland's northwestern frontier. They declared: Chairman Mao's magnificent contributions are immortal and the radiance of Mao Tsetung Thought will for ever illuminate our road of advance.

Ismayil Aymat, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and political commissar of the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, presided over the mass memorial meeting in Urumchi. Yang Yung, second secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Sinkiang and commander of the P.L.A. Sinkiang Units, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Yang Yung said: We are determined to turn grief into strength, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, obey orders in all our actions, assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao, act according to the principles laid down by Chairman Mao, further develop the excellent situation in Sinkiang and build the motherland's northwestern frontier region into a wall of steel to combat and prevent revisionism.

The people of 13 nationalities in the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region and the commanders and fighters of P.L.A. units stationed in Sinkiang also held with deep grief solemn memorial meetings in the cities and towns where they live in compact communities or are garrisoned and in the farming

and pastoral areas and at their posts along the frontier.

Kansu Province and the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A.

A MASS memorial meeting in Lanchow took place on the afternoon of September 18 with 300,000 armymen of the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A. and civilians in Kansu Province participating.

Sung Ping, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Kansu Province, presided over the meeting. Hsien Heng-han, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the Lanchow Units of the P.L.A., delivered a memorial speech. After recalling Chairman Mao's magnificent contributions to the Chinese people and the revolutionary people of the world, he solemnly pledged to the Party Central Committee on behalf of the people of various nationalities in the province and the commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. Lanchow Units: We are determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party's basic line, unite most closely round the Party Central Committee, and under the leadership of the Party Central Committee "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured, steadfastly implement the line, principles and policies formulated by Chairman Mao, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, raise our vigilance a hundredfold, remain alert at our posts, be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy that dares to intrude, and safeguard the socialist state Chairman Mao personally created. That same afternoon, from Latzukou Pass, a natural barrier where the Red Army had once fought during its Long March, to the outposts along the northern frontier and from the Lungtung Plateau to the Hohsi (Kansu) Corridor, armymen and civilians of various nationalities also held solemn memorial meetings.

Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region

ONE hundred and fifty thousand armymen and civilians of various nationalities in Huhehot and from other parts of the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region held a solemn memorial meeting in Huhehot. Chih Pi-ching, second secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region, presided over the meeting. Yu



People of various nationalities in the city of Huhehot in the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region mourning with profound grief.

Tai-chung, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and commander of the Inner Mongolian military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Yu Tai-chung recalled in the memorial speech Chairman Mao's magnificent contributions to the Chinese revolution led by him and firmly expressed the determination that the armymen and civilians in Inner Mongolia would always follow Chairman Mao's teachings over the years and live up to his expectations. They would, he said, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, turn grief into strength, closely rally round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down" and carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. He stated: Inner Mongolia is situated in the motherland's northern frontier region and we are determined to strengthen preparedness against war, heighten our vigilance and do a good job in army and militia building and in the work of army-civilian joint defence, so as to turn the motherland's northern frontier into an iron wall in the struggle to combat and prevent revisionism and be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy that dares to intrude.

Solemn memorial meetings also were held on September 18 in every league, city, banner and county in the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region.

Heilungkiang Province

THE memorial meeting with 500,000 participants from various parts of Heilungkiang Province and the city of Harbin was presided over by the secretary of the

Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Harbin Li Chien-pai. Liu Kuang-tao, second secretary of the Party committee and first vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Heilungkiang Province and political commissar of the provincial military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

On behalf of all the armymen and civilians in the province, Liu Kuang-tao took the solemn oath: We will resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, closely rally round the Party Central Committee and follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down." We will study Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought harder, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and continue to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts in a deep-going way. We will grasp revolution and promote production and strive to fulfil and overfulfil the national economic plan. We will heighten our vigilance a hundredfold, make earnest efforts in our preparations against war, be ready at all times to destroy any enemy daring to intrude and defend the frontier region of our great socialist motherland.

Kirin Province

WITH the deepest grief, 400,000 representatives of the Party and government organizations, the army units and people of all walks of life in Kirin Province and the city of Changchun held a memorial meeting presided over by Chang Li-min, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Changchun city. Wang Huai-hsiang, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Kirin military area command, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Wang Huai-hsiang said that at the moment when the whole nation was grieving with the deepest sorrow, the people of various nationalities in Kirin Province cherished the memory of the great leader Chairman Mao in their hearts. The Party and government organizations and army units and the people of various nationalities in the entire province, he said, solemnly vowed that they were resolved to respond to the Party Central Committee's call, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down," rally still more closely round the Party Central Committee, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry out Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and policies, and continue to unfold and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt. They pledged to grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war, further consolidate the proletarian dictatorship and build Kirin Province

into a strong bastion for combating and preventing revisionism.

Memorial meetings also took place on the afternoon of September 18 in Kirin, Szeping, Paicheng and Tung-hua Prefectures, and in the Yenpien Korean Autonomous Prefecture and the Chelimu League as well as in all the 58 counties, cities and banners in the province.

Liaoning Province and the Shenyang Units of the P.L.A.

THE memorial meeting attended by 500,000 representatives from all parts of Liaoning Province, the P.L.A. Shenyang Units and the city of Shenyang was presided over by Wu Yu-teh, member of the standing committee of the provincial Party committee and first secretary of the Shenyang city Party committee. Tseng Shao-shan, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Liaoning Province and political commissar of the P.L.A. Shenyang Units, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Tseng Shao-shan said: At this saddest moment all Communist Party members, people of all nationalities in the province and all commanders and fighters of the Shenyang Units are determined to respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests and carry through to the end the cause of the proletarian revolution in China pioneered by Chairman Mao. He said: We will persevere in taking class struggle as the key link and adhere to the Party's basic line. We will rally most closely round the Party Central Committee, respond to its call and obey its orders and fulfil all the tasks it entrusts to us. We will carry on and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt. We will strengthen the building of the army and militia and preparedness against war. We will keep to the principle of grasping revolution and promoting production and other work and preparedness against war so as to make greater achievements in industrial and agricultural production and all other endeavours. We pledge to conscientiously study Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and strive for the realization of the Party's basic programme and the great cause of communism.

Shantung Province and the Tsinan Units of the P.L.A.

DESPITE rain, the memorial meeting in Tsinan on the afternoon of September 18 was participated in by 600,000 armymen and civilians from the Party and government organizations of Shantung Province and the city of Tsinan and the P.L.A. Tsinan Units. Commander of the Tsinan Units Tseng Ssu-yu presided over the meeting and Pai Ju-ping, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of Shantung Province, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Pai Ju-ping gave a brief account of the mag-

nificant contributions made by the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao to the Chinese people and the revolutionary people the world over and recalled how Chairman Mao had shown the warmest concern for the armymen and civilians in Shantung. He said: Our deep sorrow at the passing of Chairman Mao is as immeasurable as the water of the ever-flowing Yellow River and our reverence for him is higher than the lofty Mount Tai. At the end of his speech, he led all present in making the solemn vow to the Party Central Committee: We are determined to persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and continue the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will obey the orders of the Party Central Committee in all our actions and consciously safeguard the Party's unity and unification. We will assiduously study Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, continue to conscientiously study Chairman Mao's important instructions, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and carry on the great struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts and fulfil all the fighting tasks put forward by the Party Central Committee.

On the afternoon of the same day, all prefectures, cities, counties and army units in the province held memorial meetings and paid tribute to the memory of the esteemed and beloved great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tsetung, the red sun in the hearts of hundreds of millions of people.

Fukien Province and the Foochow Units of the P.L.A.

A SOLEMN memorial meeting was held by 300,000 people of all circles in Fukien Province and the city of Foochow and commanders and fighters of the army, navy and air force of the P.L.A. Foochow Units. Li Chih-min, political commissar of the Foochow Units and member of the standing committee of the Party committee of Fukien Province, presided over the meeting. Secretary of the provincial Party committee Chiang Li-yin delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Chiang Li-yin said that Chairman Mao personally led the Workers' and Peasants' Red Army in setting up the western Fukien revolutionary base area. It was under Chairman Mao's personal guidance that the historic Kutien Meeting was held and he wrote the ever-shining resolution of the meeting, thereby formulating a great programme for the building of our Party and army. He added that Chairman Mao was very concerned about the great cause of liberating Taiwan and reunifying the motherland and per-

sonally directed our victorious struggle against the Chiang gang entrenched on Taiwan, Penghu, Quemoy and Matsu Islands. In these sad days of mourning the passing of Chairman Mao, he continued, we are determined to turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, closely rally round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down" and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end. He said that they would heighten their vigilance a hundredfold, strengthen preparedness against war, further fortify the unity between the army and the government and between the army and the people, do a good job in army-civilian joint defence, deal resolute blows at the counter-revolutionary sabotage activities by the class enemies and be ready at all times to wipe out resolutely, thoroughly, wholly and completely any enemy daring to intrude. We must liberate Taiwan, he added.

Hunan Province

ON September 18, the broad masses of people in Hunan Province, standing in silence with tearful eyes looking in the direction of Peking, listened to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in the capital. In Changsha, the provincial capital, more than 200,000 armymen and civilians held a memorial meeting to deeply mourn the passing of Chairman Mao. The meeting was presided over by Wan Ta, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of Hunan Province. Chang Ping-hua, second secretary of the provincial Party committee and first vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units, delivered a memorial speech. Over the past few days, Comrade Chang Ping-hua said, all Communist Party members, Communist Youth League



Standing in front of Chairman Mao's former residence, armymen and civilians in Shaoshan mourn with deep grief the passing of Chairman Mao.

members, workers, peasants, soldiers and revolutionary cadres in Chairman Mao's native province have grieved beyond words over the death of their most esteemed and beloved great leader and teacher Chairman Mao. Hunan is the province where Chairman Mao first began his revolutionary activities. Chairman Mao's great revolutionary practice in Hunan and his warm concern for the Hunan people have been deeply imprinted in the minds of the people of the entire province.

We must, he continued, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. He said that they would closely rally round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down," deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and continue the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Cultural Revolution.

In Shaoshan district, 40,000 armymen and civilians gathered in front of Chairman Mao's former residence or at places where the offices of the people's communes were to pay homage with profound grief to the memory of the great leader Chairman Mao. They expressed their determination to study more assiduously Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, carry forward the glorious revolutionary tradition, do the work of socialist revolution and socialist construction in Shaoshan in a still better way and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end.

Kwangtung Province and the Kwangchow Units of the P.L.A.

EIGHT hundred thousand armymen and civilians of Kwangtung Province and the city of Kwangchow and fighters and commanders of the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units gathered at a memorial meeting in the rain.

Kung Shih-chuan, political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwangchow Units, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was made by Wang Shou-tao, secretary of the Kwangtung provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. On behalf of the armymen and civilians of Kwangtung Province, Comrade Wang Shou-tao solemnly vowed: We will resolutely follow our great leader Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down" and adhere to Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and policies. We will rally very closely round the Party Central Committee to which the entire Party is subordinate and resolutely safeguard the unity and unification of the Party. We will carry on the cause left behind by Chairman Mao, "Practise Marxism, and not revisionism; unite, and don't split; be open and aboveboard, and don't intrigue and conspire" and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end. We will firmly bear in mind Chairman Mao's teachings and, at all

times and under all circumstances, take class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and uphold proletarian internationalism. Throughout the historical period of socialism, we will persevere in criticizing the bourgeoisie and revisionism, restrict bourgeois right and resolutely fight against the capitalist-roaders in the Party. At present, we must continue to deepen the struggle initiated by Chairman Mao to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution and further consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will strengthen preparedness against war and raise our vigilance a hundredfold in defending the south gate of our motherland. We will deal heavy blows to all sabotage activities by class enemies. We are determined to liberate Taiwan.

On Yunghsing Island, site of the revolutionary committee of the Hsisha, Nansha and Chungsha Islands, naval commanders and fighters and militiamen who had performed meritorious service in the counterattack in defence of the Hsisha Islands listened to the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking and joined the 800 million people throughout the country in mourning the great leader Chairman Mao. They took a solemn oath before Chairman Mao's portrait: The sons and daughters of Hsisha will advance along Chairman Mao's revolutionary line, defend and build up Hsisha and make sure that our motherland's five-star red flag will always fly high over the South China Sea islands.

Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region

TWO hundred thousand people of 12 nationalities — Chuang, Han, Miao, Yao, Tung, Mulao, Maonan, King, Hui, Yi, Shui and Kelao — and commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. held a memorial meeting in Nanning, capital of the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region.

The meeting was presided over by Liu Chung-kuei, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the Kwangsi Chuang Autonomous Region. An Ping-sheng, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and first political commissar of the P.L.A. Kwangsi military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade An Ping-sheng said: As early as during the First Revolutionary Civil War period, Chairman Mao sowed the revolutionary seeds among the Chuang people and kindled the flames of revolutionary armed struggle on both banks of the Hungshui River. During the year of the big leap forward in socialist construction, Chairman Mao came to Kwangsi, received the people of various nationalities and led the people in swimming in the Yungchiang River in winter, encouraging them to victoriously advance in the teeth of storms.

During the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, Chairman Mao issued very important instructions on many occasions concerning the struggle between the two classes and two lines in Kwangsi, guiding the people of various nationalities to win great victory in the Great Cultural Revolution. From their own experience, the people in Kwangsi are keenly aware that "only socialism can save China." They owe their happy life today to Chairman Mao's leadership. Comrade An Ping-sheng added: Our great leader Chairman Mao adjured us: "Act according to the principles laid down." We people of all nationalities in Kwangsi are determined to follow Chairman Mao's adjuration, carry out his behests, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, keep to the Party's basic line, practise Marxism and not revisionism, unite and don't split, be open and aboveboard and don't intrigue and conspire, and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Hopei Province

THE memorial meeting held by Hopei Province and the city of Shihchiachuang was attended by 450,000 people.

Lu Yu-lan, deputy secretary of the Hopei provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. Ma Hui, secretary of the Hopei provincial Party committee, vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the P.L.A. Hopei military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

Comrade Ma Hui recapitulated Chairman Mao's glorious revolutionary practice and his loving care for the Hopei people. He said: Chairman Mao came to Hopei many times to carry out inspections and issued many very important instructions, giving the people of our province a profound education and great inspiration. After the strong earthquake hit the Tangshan-Fengnan area this year, Chairman Mao showed great concern for the people afflicted though he was ill. With the powerful support of the People's Liberation Army and the people throughout the country, the stricken area has won great victories in anti-quake and relief work in a very short period. Great as heaven is, Chairman Mao's kindness is still greater. Chairman Mao was the great liberator of the people of all nationalities in our country.

Comrade Ma Hui continued: Chairman Mao adjured us: "Act according to the principles laid down." We will always follow Chairman Mao's teachings, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, rally closely round the Party Central Committee, persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

That same day, 400,000 armymen and civilians in the earthquake-stricken Tangshan area took part in a mass memorial meeting with deputy commander of the P.L.A. Peking Units Hsiao Hsuan-chin presiding. Liu Tzu-hou, first secretary of the Hopei provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Many people shed no tears when they lost their kith and kin in the earthquake. But in the days of mourning Chairman Mao's passing, they could not restrain their grief and burst into tears. They said with deep emotion: Just when we won great victory in anti-quake and relief work, Chairman Mao left us. We will firmly bear in mind Chairman Mao's teachings, take class struggle as the key link, make the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping a motive force, grasp revolution and promote production, resolutely fight against natural disasters, rely on our own efforts to rebuild our homes, win still greater victories in anti-quake and relief work, and honour Chairman Mao's memory by concrete actions.

Shansi Province

WITH the deepest grief and boundless esteem, 500,000 armymen and civilians in Shansi Province and Taiyuan city attended a memorial meeting.

The meeting was presided over by Han Ying, secretary of the Shansi provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Wang Chien, first secretary of the Shansi provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. On behalf of the 23 million armymen and civilians in the province, Comrade Wang Chien took the solemn oath: We are determined to carry out Chairman Mao's behests, follow his adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," unite still more closely round the Party Central Committee and assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao. We will deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, persevere in fighting against the capitalist-roaders in the Party and make energetic efforts in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war. We will honour the memory of Chairman Mao by concrete actions and carry the cause of the proletarian revolution in China which Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

Shensi Province

IN Shensi Province, 600,000 people and representatives from various circles attended a mass memorial meeting in Sian in the rain.

The meeting was presided over by Wang Lin, first secretary of the Sian city Party committee and chairman of the city's revolutionary committee. A memorial



Armysmen and civilians in Yen-an mourn with deep grief in front of the cave-dwelling in which Chairman Mao once lived.

speech was delivered by Li Jui-shan, first secretary of the Shensi provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Shensi military area command. In his speech, Comrade Li Jui-shan spoke of the magnificent contributions of Chairman Mao to the Chinese people and the revolutionary people of the world, and recalled the great practice of Chairman Mao in leading the Chinese revolution while in Yen-an and the many important directives Chairman Mao had issued concerning revolution and construction in Shensi after liberation. On behalf of the people of the whole province, he expressed the firm determination to carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao through to the end. He said: We will do as Chairman Mao adjured and "act according to the principles laid down" and closely unite round the Party Central Committee, follow the commands of the Party Central Committee in whatever we do, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts through to the end, inherit and develop the Yen-an spirit, grasp revolution and promote production and strive to win still greater victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Full of profound proletarian feelings for Chairman Mao, many veteran Red Armysmen, Eighth Route Armysmen and cadres who had followed Chairman Mao fighting up and down the country, veteran workers and model labourers who had lived in misery in the old society, and Red Guards who had been reviewed by Chairman Mao during the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution said with deep grief: We will never forget that Chairman Mao spent 13 years in Yen-an leading the Chinese revolution, and that Chairman Mao wrote in a cave-dwelling in Yen-an his brilliant works lighting up the path to victory for the Chinese revolution. Immediately after the founding of the People's Republic of China, Chairman Mao sent his brilliant "Cable of

Reply" to the people of Yen-an and the Shensi-Kansu-Ningsia Border Region; encouraging us to continue to give play to the style of plain living and hard work and resolutely continue the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. Chairman Mao's benevolence is deeper than the ocean and higher than heaven. Chairman Mao's magnificent contributions are immortal.

Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region

WITH profound grief and boundless reverence for Chairman Mao; 130,000 people of Hui, Han, Mongolian and other nationalities in the Ningsia Hui Autonomous Region held a memorial meeting in Yinchuan, capital of the autonomous region.

Chang Kuei-chin, secretary of the autonomous region's Party committee and political commissar of the Ningsia military area command, presided over the meeting. Kang Chien-min, first secretary of the Party committee and chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Kang Chien-min called on the armysmen and civilians of the whole autonomous region to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," resolutely take class struggle as the key link, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, heighten their vigilance and strengthen preparedness against war and advance valiantly along Chairman Mao's revolutionary line.

People of various nationalities who attended the memorial meeting pledged that they will give play to the thoroughgoing proletarian revolutionary spirit as described by Chairman Mao in his poem "Mount Liupan — to the tune of *Ching Ping Yueh*," "If we fail to reach the Great Wall we are not men," carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao so that the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought will fly for ever on Mount Liupan!

Kiangsu Province and the Nanking Units of the P.L.A.

A TOTAL of 400,000 people from Kiangsu Province, the Nanking Units of the P.L.A. and the city of Nanking took part in a solemn mass memorial meeting.

Ting Sheng, commander of the Nanking Units of the P.L.A., presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Peng Chung, first secretary of the Kiangsu provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Comrade Peng Chung said that Comrade Hua Kuo-feng's memorial speech at the mass memorial meeting for

the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao Tsetung fully expressed the boundless esteem and deep grief of the 55 million people of Kiangsu and the commanders and fighters of the P.L.A. Nanking Units for Chairman Mao, and also fully expressed their firm determination and iron will to carry out Chairman Mao's behests. We will turn our boundless grief into a tremendous force, resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee and strive hard to fulfil Chairman Mao's behests, he said.

Comrade Peng Chung led everyone at the meeting in taking the vow with raised fists: We will carry out Chairman Mao's behests, unswervingly defend the unity and unification of the Party, rally most closely round the Party Central Committee and follow the directives of the Party Central Committee. We will "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao adjured. We will take class struggle as the key link, adhere to Chairman Mao's revolutionary line, continue to deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and further unfold the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts. We will not fail to live up to the teachings of Chairman Mao over the years and his ardent expectations, and we will turn grief into strength, unite still closer, do better work, overcome all difficulties and always advance boldly along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao.

Chekiang Province

WITH the deepest grief, more than 200,000 armymen and civilians in Chekiang Province and the city of Hangchow attended a mass memorial meeting.

Lai Ko-ko, secretary of the Chekiang provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Tieh Ying, secretary



The solemn memorial meeting in Lhasa, Tibet Autonomous Region.

of the provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. On behalf of the armymen and civilians of the whole province, Comrade Tieh Ying pledged to the Party Central Committee that they would carry out Chairman Mao's behests, turn grief into strength, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, "act according to the principles laid down" as Chairman Mao had enjoined, resolutely implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and persist in taking class struggle as the key link, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, unite as one, fight on, overcome all difficulties and advance boldly along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao. We are determined to liberate Taiwan, he stressed.

Tibet Autonomous Region

MORE than 50,000 people from Party and government organizations, armymen and civilians in the Tibet Autonomous Region, with profound grief and full of esteem for Chairman Mao, attended a solemn mass memorial meeting in the Working People's Palace of Culture in Lhasa to mourn the passing of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao.

Tien Pao, secretary of the Party committee and vice-chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and second political commissar of the Tibet military area command, presided over the memorial meeting. Jen Jung, first secretary of the Party committee and acting chairman of the revolutionary committee of the autonomous region and first political commissar of the Tibet military area command, delivered a memorial speech.

In his speech, Comrade Jen Jung recalled how the great liberator Chairman Mao had led the people of various nationalities to win victory after victory. He said: All the victories won in socialist revolution and construction in Tibet are great victories for Mao Tsetung

Thought and Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and great victories for his policy towards the nationalities. Without the brilliant leadership of Chairman Mao there would be no flourishing socialist new Tibet and there would be no happy life for us today.

On behalf of the people of all walks of life, cadres and the people of various nationalities, Comrade Jen Jung pledged to firmly respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, closely unite round the Party Central Committee, strengthen the great unity among the various nationalities, resolutely carry out Chairman Mao's adjuration to "act according to the principles laid down," persist in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and carry on the struggle to

repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts and win new victories in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war.

Szechuan Province and the Chengtu Units of the P.L.A.

THE mass memorial meeting in Chengtu was attended by half a million armymen and civilians of various nationalities of the province, the Chengtu Units of the P.L.A. and the city of Chengtu.

Liu Hsing-yuan, commander of the P.L.A. Chengtu Units, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chao Tzu-yang, first secretary of the Szechuan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. Comrade Chao Tzu-yang said in his speech: With boundless grief Szechuan's 80 million people and armymen mourn our great leader Chairman Mao. We will remember for ever Chairman Mao's teachings and his benevolence and defend and implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line for generation after generation. Chairman Mao adjured us: "Act according to the principles laid down." We vow to the Party Central Committee that we will resolutely rally round the Party Central Committee and act in accordance with the policies laid down by Chairman Mao and the Party Central Committee, resolutely take class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and uphold proletarian internationalism. We will diligently study the works of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and Chairman Mao's works, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and the struggle to repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, strive hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war. Under the leadership of the Party Central Committee, we will unite closely, be resolute, fear no sacrifice and surmount every difficulty to win new victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

Hupei Province and the Wuhan Units of the P.L.A.

A SOLEMN mass memorial meeting was held in Wuhan. It was attended by 800,000 armymen and civilians of Hupei Province and the city of Wuhan.

At 3 p.m., other people who had gathered at the site of the Central National Institute of the Peasant Movement personally established by Chairman Mao in Wuchang, at the Wuhan Iron and Steel Company, the Wuhan Heavy Machine Tools Plant, the Wuchang Shipyard, Wuhan University, the No. 1 State Cotton Mill and other places where Chairman Mao had inspected, listened to the broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking. When they looked up at the portrait of Chairman Mao, their hearts were filled with deep grief.

Wang Ke-wen, secretary of the Hupei provincial Party committee, first secretary of the Wuhan city Party committee and chairman of the Wuhan city revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chao Hsin-chu, first secretary of the Hupei provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the P.L.A. Wuhan Units. Comrade Chao Hsin-chu said: We will resolutely respond to the Party Central Committee's call, unite most closely round the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, "act according to the principles laid down," take class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, continue to deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, resolutely fight a protracted war against capitalist-roaders in the Party, implement more thoroughly the great policy of "grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war" and carry the great proletarian revolutionary cause through to the end.

More than 30,000 commanders and fighters in the army, navy and air force units stationed in the city of Wuhan under the P.L.A. Wuhan Units also held a mass memorial meeting. It was presided over by Wang Ping, political commissar of the Wuhan Units. A memorial speech was delivered by Yang Teh-chih, commander of the Wuhan Units. Comrade Yang Teh-chih led everyone in a solemn vow: We will resolutely respond to the call of the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, unite closely round the Party Central Committee, follow the commands of the Party Central Committee in whatever we do, resolutely defend the unity and unification of the Party, implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and boldly defend Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. We will firmly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian line in army building, give full play to the glorious tradition of our army, further strengthen army building and militia building, heighten our vigilance, strengthen preparedness against war, be ready at all times to wipe out any enemy who dares to intrude. We will resolutely fulfill the various tasks given us by the Party Central Committee and the Military Commission of the Party Central Committee. We are determined to liberate Taiwan.

Honan Province

THE memorial meeting held in Chengchow was attended by 300,000 armymen and civilians from various parts of the province and the city of Chengchow.

The meeting was presided over by Chang Shu-chih, secretary of the Honan provincial Party committee, vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the P.L.A. Honan military area command. Liu Chien-hsun, first secretary of the Honan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial

speech. Chairman Mao, said Comrade Liu Chien-hsun, was the greatest Marxist of the contemporary era and all our victories are victories for Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. Chairman Mao time and again enjoined us to read and study conscientiously and have a good grasp of Marxism. We must assiduously study the works by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and by Chairman Mao, have a real understanding of the nature, tasks, target and prospects of the socialist revolution, be clear from the level of integrating theory with practice about the truth that the bourgeoisie "is right in the Communist Party," and foster in our minds the concept of carrying out a long-term struggle against the bourgeoisie inside the Party. We must rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, follow his adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, carry through to the end the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, and for ever advance courageously along the revolutionary course charted by Chairman Mao.

The Nanchuichuang Brigade in Anyang County, the Yingchu Brigade in Fengchiu County, the Kwang Kuo Tien Ti Ta Yu Tso Wei (meaning there is plenty of room in the countryside for young people to develop their talents) Commune in Hsiahsien County, the Chiliying Commune in Hsinhsiang County and other places and units which Chairman Mao had inspected or mentioned in his directives also sent representatives to Chengchow to attend the memorial meeting.

Anhwei Province

IN Hfoei, 300,000 army men and civilians from this provincial capital and other parts of Anhwei Province held a memorial meeting to mourn the passing of the great leader and teacher Chairman Mao. It was presided over by Hao Yi-chen, secretary of the Hfoei city Party committee and vice-chairman of the city revolutionary committee. Sung Pei-chang, first secretary of the provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Anhwei military area command of the P.L.A., delivered a memorial speech.

At the same time, two million army men and civilians in the province attended memorial meetings at the city, prefectural and county levels.

Among those attending the memorial meetings were many veteran cadres who had followed Chairman Mao in fighting across the length and breadth of the country or had reported their work in person to Chairman Mao, Red Guards who had been reviewed by Chairman Mao as well as representatives of workers, peasants and soldiers who had the honour to see Chairman Mao during his inspection tours to Anhwei.

In the days of mourning Chairman Mao with deep grief the people in various parts of this province called

to mind the affectionate concern shown them by Chairman Mao. This made them all the more revere their respected and beloved leader and teacher Chairman Mao and cherish his memory. They said it was Mao Tsetung Thought that had guided the people in the Taping Mountains on to the road of armed struggle. Not long after liberation, Chairman Mao issued the great call that "the Huai River must be harnessed" and personally gave instructions on six documents concerning agricultural co-operatives in Anhwei Province. In the fiery year of the big leap forward in socialist construction, Chairman Mao came on inspection tours of Anhwei twice. During the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, Chairman Mao, in a directive written on a report from P.L.A. units in Anhwei, timely issued the great call that "the People's Liberation Army should support the broad masses of the Left." Anhwei's every step forward was steeped in Chairman Mao's loving care. While deeply mourning the great leader Chairman Mao, the 45 million Anhwei people expressed their determination to follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," rally closely round the Party Central Committee, firmly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat, deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and carry on the struggle to beat back the Right deviationist attempt to reverse correct verdicts, strive hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry through the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao to the very end.

Kiangsi Province

A MEMORIAL meeting attended by 150,000 army men and civilians in the provincial capital and from other parts of Kiangsi Province took place in Nanchang.

Huang Chih-chen, secretary of the Kiangsi provincial Party committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was made by Chiang Wei-ching, first secretary of the Kiangsi provincial Party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and first political commissar of the Kiangsi military area command of the P.L.A. Comrade Chiang Wei-ching said: Chairman Mao's lofty image and his revolutionary contributions are immortal. Recalling the militant course of the revolution, he said, we people in the Ching kangshan area have come to the deep understanding that the present excellent situation — which has developed from "a single spark" in the Ching kang Mountains to "everywhere orioles sing, swallows dart" throughout the country today — has been brought about under the guidance of Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and is a great victory for Mao Tsetung Thought. We solemnly pledge to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests and follow his adjuration "Act

according to the principles laid down." We will persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, uphold the Party's basic line, persevere in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat and deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and repulse the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts. We are determined to work hard to grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, win fresh victories in socialist revolution and construction and carry the proletarian revolutionary cause in China Chairman Mao pioneered through to the end.

Kweichow Province

WITH profound grief, 400,000 army men and civilians of Kweichow Province and the provincial capital Kweiyang gathered at a memorial meeting in Kweiyang to mourn the passing of Chairman Mao.

Wu Hsiang-pi, secretary of the Kweichow provincial Party committee, presided over the meeting. Li Pao-hua, second secretary of the provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, delivered a memorial speech. Comrade Li Pao-hua said: We will follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," rally still more closely round the Party Central Committee, unwaveringly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and policies, turn grief into strength, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will continue to deepen the struggle personally initiated by Chairman Mao to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, consolidate and develop the achievements of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, warmly support the socialist new things, criticize the bourgeoisie and revisionism, persist in struggling against capitalist-roaders inside the Party, study hard Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, consciously restrict bourgeois right, further consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat and carry through to the end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China pioneered by Chairman Mao!

Yunnan Province and the Kunming Units of the P.L.A.

KUNMING was the site of a memorial meeting attended by 250,000 people of various nationalities in Yunnan Province and the city of Kunming as well as fighters and commanders of the P.L.A. Kunming Units.

People of 22 nationalities — Han, Yi, Pai, Tai, Hani, Chuang, Miao, Wa, Lisu, Hui, Nahsi, Lahu, Chingpo, Yao, Tibetan, Pulang, Achang, Pumi, Nu, Mongolian, Tulung and Penglung — as well as the Chino and Kutsung peoples attended the meeting. With the deepest grief, the people, wearing plain-coloured clothes, filed in formations into the square where the meeting was

held. When the live broadcast of the mass memorial meeting in Peking started, army men and civilians stood in silent tribute together with the one million people gathered in Tien An Men Square in Peking. They were extremely grieved at the loss of their most beloved great leader and liberator of the people of all nationalities in China. Many cried their hearts out.

Wang Pi-cheng, commander of the Kunming Units of the P.L.A., secretary of the Yunnan provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting. A memorial speech was delivered by Chia Chi-yun, first secretary of the Yunnan provincial Party committee and chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee. He said: We will turn grief into strength, carry out our great leader Chairman Mao's behests, follow his adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," persevere in taking class struggle as the key link, adhere to the Party's basic line and persist in continuing the revolution under the dictatorship of the proletariat. We will rally closely round the Party Central Committee, firmly safeguard the unity and unification of the Party, consolidate the great unity of the people of various nationalities, deepen the struggle to criticize Teng Hsiao-ping and beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, grasp revolution, promote production and other work and preparedness against war, and fight to the very end to build China into a powerful socialist country and finally realize communism.

Chinghai Province

A MASS memorial meeting took place in the ancient city of Sining on the Chinghai Plateau. It was attended by 200,000 army men and civilians in the city and from other parts of Chinghai Province.

Sung Chang-keng, secretary of the Chinghai provincial Party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided over the meeting; Chang Chiang-lin, second secretary of the Chinghai provincial Party committee, first vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and commander of the Chinghai military area command of the P.L.A., made a memorial speech. On behalf of the three million people of various nationalities in Chinghai, he pledged before a portrait of Chairman Mao to rally closely round the Party Central Committee, carry out Chairman Mao's behests, follow Chairman Mao's adjuration "Act according to the principles laid down," uphold Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, continue to deepen the criticism of Teng Hsiao-ping and the struggle to beat back the Right deviationist attempt at reversing correct verdicts, further consolidate and develop the fruits of the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, persist in grasping revolution, promoting production and other work and preparedness against war, and carry through to the very end the proletarian revolutionary cause in China Chairman Mao pioneered.